## current density

The current density  $j_{\rm B}$  of a species **B** in a given point of the solution is obtained by multiplying the flux density of that species at the given point by the Faraday constant *F* and by the charge number  $z_{\rm B}$  of the species:

$$\boldsymbol{j}_{\mathbf{B}} = \boldsymbol{z}_{\mathbf{B}} F \boldsymbol{N}_{\mathbf{B}}$$

where  $j_{\rm B}$  is a vector which indicates the direction in which the charges transported by the species **B** flow and which gives the number of these charges going through a plane oriented perpendicular to the vector, divided by time and by area, and  $N_{\rm B}$  is the flux density of a minor constituent of the solution with respect to a fixed frame of reference. *See also:* electric current density

## Source:

PAC, 1981, 53, 1827 (Nomenclature for transport phenomena in electrolytic systems) on page 1833