

amic acids

Carbamoyl carboxylic acids, i.e. compounds containing a carboxy and a carboxamide group, e.g. 5-carbamoylnicotinic acid.

Note:

In systematic nomenclature replacement of the '-ic' suffix of a dicarboxylic acid by '-amic' is limited to dicarboxylic acids that have a trivial name. e.g. $\text{HOC}(=\text{O})\text{CH}_2\text{C}(=\text{O})\text{NH}_2$ malonamic acid (2-carbamoylacetic acid).

Source:

PAC, 1995, 67, 1307 (*Glossary of class names of organic compounds and reactivity intermediates based on structure (IUPAC Recommendations 1995)*) on page 1315